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MONDAY, December 7. 1772. [NUMB. 1941.]

The BOSTON Evening-Post.

Containing the freshest & most important Advices, Foreign and Domestick.

Printed by THOMAS and JOHN FLEET, at the HEART and CROWN in Cornhill.

We are desired to publish the following Votes and Proceedings of the most ancient Town of Plymouth, *at a late Town-Meeting held there, together with a Letter of their Committee of Correspondence to the Committee of this Town.* vid. pa. 186

AT a Meeting of the Town of PLIMOUTH, regularly assembled and held in the Court-House in Plimouth, the 24th Day of November, Anno Domini 1772.

VOTED, To choose two Committees as below, viz.

1st. A Committee be chosen to report to the Town, at the Adjournment of this Meeting, what is best for the Town to do, and to report a Draft of such Votes or Resolves, as they may think it best for them to come into; and accordingly made Choice of *James Warren*, Esq; Deacon *John Torrey*, *John Cotton*, Esq; *William Watson*, Esq; *Thomas Mayhew*, Esq; Mr. *Nathaniel Torrey*, and Mr. *Thomas Lothrop*, for that Purpose.

2d. A standing Committee of Communication, and Correspondence be chosen, freely from Time to Time, to communicate and correspond with the Town of *Boston*, and any other Towns on the Subject of our present Difficulties, and of the Measures proper to be taken upon the Occasion, they to apply to the Select-Men to call a Town-Meeting, upon any Immergency, to consider of any Intelligence of Importance they may have received, and to act and do what further they may then think proper; and then made Choice of *James Warren*, Esq; Deacon *John Torrey*, Mr. *Stephen Samson*, Mr. *Samuel Cole*, Mr. *Ephraim Cobb*, Doct. *William Thomas*, Capt. *Thomas Jackson*, Capt. *Elkanah Watson*, *William Watson*, Esq; Mr. *Thomas Lothrop*, Mr. *Isaac Lothrop*, Mr. *Nathaniel Torrey*, and *Thomas Mayhew*, Esq; for that Purpose

A true Copy of Record,

Attest. EPHRAIM SPOONER, Town-Clerk.

PLYMOUTH, *November* 26, 1772.

" *Gentlemen*, vid. pa. 201.

"THIS Town having met on Tuesday last for the purpose of taking into consideration, the unhappy, and very dangerous situation of our publick affairs, and to endeavour to take such measures, as should have a tendency (as far as their influence would extend) to form a band of union with other towns, necessary to repel, and prevent, if possible this country's being overwhelmed, by that torrent of tyranny, which has already nearly broke down and destroyed all the barriers of our rights and liberties: and having among other things, thought proper to vote a standing committee, of communication and correspondence, and honored us with their choice to be on that committee, it is therefore become more particularly our duty, to transmit you a copy of their proceedings, so far as they have gone, as well as to improve the earliest opportunity, to express our readiness to correspond with you, and the committees that are, or shall be appointed by other towns, upon the same plan, and to give and receive, such communications, as may be thought by any of us, advantageous to the good of the whole: We have therefore inclosed you the votes and proceedings of this town at their Meeting, which we have the pleasure to inform you was full, and that the inhabitants discovered a spirit, and unanimity, expressive of sentiments totally different from the representations of our enemies, as well as consistent with their former conduct on similar occasions, and the original plan of their Forefathers. We shall only add at present our fervent prayers to the Director of all events, that the good people of this Province may be awakened to a sense of their danger, and be directed to such measures as shall effectually disappoint the machinations of their enemies, and place the rights and liberties of this Country, upon a Basis as durable as the foundations of the earth.

We are, Gentlemen, with the greatest respect, sincere friends and well-wishers to the happiness and prosperity of this Country, and your most humble servants.

JOHN TORREY, per order.

" *To the Gentlemen of the Committee of Communication and Correspondence at Boston.*" ☞

SALEM, December 1.

By Letters received from Spanish-Town, we have the Confirmation of the News of the Death of the Honourable SAMUEL PICKMAN, Esq; who died on the 25th of August last, in the 61st Year of his Life. He has been for many Years one of the Council of the Leeward Islands, and Deputy-Governor of Spanish-Town. He was a Native of this Town, and only Brother to the Honourable Benjamin Pickman, Esq.

On Wednesday, 25th of November, a Church was gathered at Atkinson, in New-Hampshire, adjoining to Haverhill, and the Rev. Mr. STEPHEN PEABODY ordained Pastor of it: The Rev. Mr. Parsons of Byfield began the Solemnity with Prayer; the Rev. Mr. Searl preached a Sermon suitable to the Occasion, from 2 Cor. ii. 11, 12, 13; the Rev. Mr. Barnard of Haverhill prayed and gave the Charge; the Rev. Mr. Chandler of Rowley prayed, and the Rev. Mr. True of Hampstead gave the Right Hand of Fellowship.

☞ *See pa. 1087.* vid Index under Judges, & Turn to Index, Vol. 2. 3. & this under Petitions, Remonstrances, &c. Resolves &c. to find the above. — vid the list of Grievances pa. 1100

The PETITION *of a Number of* FREEHOLDERS *of* MARBLEHEAD, *which was delivered to the* SELECTMEN *on the 13th November.*

To the SELECTMEN of MARBLEHEAD.

GENTLEMEN,

IT is now currently reported, that the Judges of our Superior Court are rendered independant of the Grants of this Province for their Salaries; and therefore imprudent for us any longer to neglect a Matter of such weighty Concern.

We already see the Day (and are sorry to say it) when the People of the British Empire have a Government over them without Check or Controul.—This Government was established by their Forefathers, for their own and Posterity's Benefit, and it has become the indispensible Duty of every Generation since to support, alter, or pull it down, as that grand Object, the *Good of the People*, has been attended to, or neglected.

It has proved the Wisdom of the best Parliaments that ever Britain experienced, to attend to the Complaints of the People against any of their Acts, and to suspend enforcing them contrary to the repeated Remonstrances of a considerable Part of the Empire; it being thoroughly known, to those wise Men, that the greatest Advantage arising from a mixt Goverment consisted in this, "the republic Part of it, *that Part which issues from the People*, is best able to direct the End of a Law", and the People by their Experience of its Operation to judge whether it is salutary & mild, or oppressive & distressing.

But such Wisdom does not distinguish the present Æra: The Complaints of so considerable a Part of the Empire as is made up of *North-America* are unattended to; their Petitions, Remonstrances, and Resolves, neglected and despised; Acts of Parliament contrary to the apparent Rights of Mankind, and British Subjects, carried into Execution & crammed down their Throats; Acts assuming a Power unknown before to Englishmen, a Power to grant their Monies without their Consent, a Power which (if supported) leaves to America not the least Appearance of Property, and at best makes them only Tenants of their Real and Personal Estates at the Will of a Government infinitely beyond their Reach and Controul.

These, Gentlemen, must be allowed great Evils in any Community, especially so in an English Government; but they are comparatively small to what is now offered. Our Judges, Men that we at present esteem and regard for their Integrity and Understandings, are to be made the Instruments of carrying these oppressive Measures more thoroughly into Execution. In this Province, they are (as we fear) to be dependant for their Salaries on British Establishments; they, thus biassed and connected, are to judge of our Conduct in the Support of our Rights and Liberties; they are to determine of our Actions, and to judge them legal or criminal as they agree or militate with those oppressive Measures. In short they are to establish the odious Doctrines of passive Obedience & Non-Resistance.

We therefore desire you will convene the Town on Tuesday the first Day of December next, to make Enquiry into, consider of, and act upon these most interesting Matters, that, when those to whom we look for Counsel and Direction in the most weighty Affairs of Life are pursuing our Ruin, we may, by a manly Unanimity with our Brethren in the Province, agree upon some suitable Means for Redress, and pursue the same with Steadiness and Resolution.

November, 1772. vid. pa. 198

LONDON, Oct. 12.

Extract of a Letter from Ratisbon, Sept. 1.

"The Treaty of Peace which is asserted to be concluded between the Turks and Russians, consists of the following Articles. 1. That the Crimea shall remain independent. 2. That of all the Conquests made by the Russians, they shall only retain Asoph. 3. That the Turks shall pay to Russia, for the Expences incurred by the War, Eighty Millions of Livres. 4. That whatever has been taken from the Turks shall be restored. 5. That Russia shall be put into Possession of the Palatinate of Podlachia, having for its Limits on one side the Dwina, and on the other the ancient Borysthenes, now called the Nieper, in such Manner as to unite the above Province with the Baltic Sea, the Black Sea, and the Caspian Sea. 6. The House of Austria shall possess, if they are not already in Possession, the Districts of Lyts, Halicz, Sendomir, Leopol, or Lemberg, and Pocutia, together with the Salt-Works, and all its other Rights. 7. In order to indemnify his Polish Majesty for the Loss which will accrue from the Loss of the Revenue from the above Salt-Works, appropriated to the Use of the Emperor, his Polish Majesty shall enjoy the Ordinations, which were before in the Hands of the Grantees. 8. That the King of Prussia shall retain that Country of which his Troops are already in Possession."

To JOHN CHANDLER, Esq; Clerk of the Proprietors of the Common and Undivided Land in *Royalston*, in the County of *Worcester*.

SIR,

We desire you would warn a Meeting of said Proprietors to be held at the Bunch of Grapes Tavern in *Boston*, on Wednesday the Thirteenth Day of *January* next, at Five o'Clock Afternoon, then and there to act on the following Articles, viz.

1. To choose a Moderator.

2. For the Proprietors to Vote, if they see Cause, to Grant to the Inhabitants of said Town the Pew Ground in the Meeting-House, as also such Sum of Money as they shall judge proper, to be laid out in making Roads in said Town, or for the Support of the Gospel there, on such Conditions as the Proprietors shall agree upon.

3. To Vote, if they see Cause, to sell all or any Part of the Common and Undivided Land in said Town, and to choose a Committee for said Purpose, and to give Directions concerning the same.

4. To give Directions to their Committee for the Sale of Land relative to their executing a Deed of Two Hundred Acres of the Undivided Land in said Town, part of the same formerly laid out to *Benni Moore* and Company.

5. To receive the Report of the Committee for the Sale of Eight Hundred Acres of the Common and Undivided Land in said Town, & to act thereon as the Proprietors shall judge proper.

JOHN ERVING,
Boston, Nov. 10, 1772. THOMAS HUBBARD,
JOHN HANCOCK.

The Proprietors of *Royalston* are hereby Warned and Notified to meet at Time and Place, and for the Purposes afore-mentioned.

JOHN CHANDLER, Prop. Clerk.

Boston, 30th *November*, 1772.

To the Friends of *Liberty* and *useful Knowledge*.

Providence, November 7, 1772.

PROPOSALS for Re-printing by Subscription,

ENGLISH LIBERTIES,

OR,

The free-born Subject's INHERITANCE.

CONTAINING,

Magna Charta, or the Great Charter of English Liberties; the Charter of the Forest, the Statute De Tallagio non concedendo, the Habeas Corpus Act, and several other Statutes; with Comments on each of them.

LIKEWISE,

The Proceedings in Appeals of Murder; of Ship-Money of Tonnage and Poundage; of Parliaments, and the Qualification and Choice of Members; of the three Estates, and of the Settlement of the Crown by Parliament.

Together with a short History of the Succession, not by any hereditary Right: Also a Declaration of the Liberties of the Subject, and of the Oath of Allegiance and Supremacy: The Petition of Right, with a short but impartial Relation of the Difference between King Charles I. and the Long Parliament, concerning the Prerogative of the King, the Liberties of the Subject, and the Rise of the civil Wars: Of Trials by Juries, and of the Qualifications of Jurors; their Punishment for Misbehaviour, and of Challenges to them.

LASTLY,

Of Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Constables, Churchwardens, Overseers of the Poor, Surveyors of the High Ways, &c. With many Law-Cases throughout the Whole.

Compiled first by HENRY CARE, and continued, with large Additions, by WILLIAM NELSON, of the Middle-Temple, Esq.

CONDITIONS.

I. This celebrated Treatise (which ought to be in the Hands of every Englishman) will be printed in a handsome Octavo Volume, on a good Paper, and neat Type.

II. The Volume is to contain about Four Hundred Pages.

III. The Price to Subscribers (neatly bound) will be *One Dollar*.

IV. Those that subscribe for six Books, will be allowed a seventh gratis.

V. As soon as the Names and Residence of 500 Subscribers are collected, the Work will be immediately put to the Press, and completed with all Expedition.

VI. No Money expected till the Delivery of the Books.

VII. The Names of the Subscribers will be affixed to the Work. Subscriptions are received by JOHN CARTER, the Publisher, and by T. and J. FLEET, at the *Heart & Crown* in *Boston*. Also by a Number of Gentlemen in the neighbouring Towns and Governments, to whom Subscription Papers are sent.

Just Publish'd,

And Sold by T. & J. Fleet, *and* Edes & Gill,

The Votes and Proceedings of the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of the Town of *BOSTON*, in Town-Meeting assembled, according to Law. To which is prefixed, as Introductory, an attested Copy of a Vote of the Town at a preceding Meeting.

We are desired to publish the following Extract from Voltaire, *on* Universal Toleration.

IT does not require any great art, or powers of argument to prove that christians ought to tolerate each other. I will go farther: I will venture to say we ought to love all mankind as our brethren. What! you will say, a Turk my brother? A Chinese my brother! A Jew, a Siamese, my brethren! Even so. Are we not all children of the same father, formed by the hands of the same God? yes; but these people despise us, they treat us as idolaters:—Indeed! then I would tell them they are greatly to blame. I imagine I should astonishingly mortify the pride of an Iman or a Talapoin, if I should accost him in the following terms: "This little globe, which is but a point, rolls about in its orbit with many other globes, while we are left as it were in the immensity of space. Man, a creature about five foot high, is a mighty infignificant being in such a universe. One of these little mortals says to his neighbours in Arabia or Cafraria, listen to me, for the God of all worlds hath enlightened me: There are about nine hundred millions of such emmets as we upon the earth, but it is our ant-hill that is cherished by the deity: He hath hated the rest from all eternity: ours alone will be happy, while the others are forever miserable." They will stop me, doubtless, and ask what blockheads ever talked so absurdly? When I should be obliged to reply, It is yourselves. I might afterwards try to appease them, but should certainly find it a difficult matter.

I shall now speak to the christians, and will venture to say, for instance, to a Dominical Inquisitor: "You know, brother, that every province in Italy hath its peculiar dialect, and that they do not speak such Italian at Venice and Bergame as at Florence. The academy at Crusca hath established our language, its dictionary being the standard from which no one should deviate; while the grammar of Buon Matei is also an infallible guide. But do you think the Consul of the academy, or in his absence Buon Matei, could, with a good conscience, cut out the tongues of all the Venetians and Bergamese that should persist in the use of their own dialect?"

The Inquisitor might answer: "There is a great deal of difference in the case: The present concerns the salvation of your soul. It is therefore for your good that the Inquisition orders you to be apprehended, on the deposition of a single informer, however wicked or infamous his character. It is for your soul's good that you are not allowed an advocate to plead in your defence; that you should not know even the name of your accuser; that the Inquisitor should promise mercy, and afterwards condemn you; that you then suffer five different tortures, and afterwards be either whipt, sent to the galleys, or publicly burnt at the stake. Father Ivenets, Doctor Chocalon, Zanchinus, Royas, Felinus, Gamar, Diabarus, and Garnelinus, are explicit on this head; nor can so pious a practice admit of any contradiction." I should then take the liberty to answer him: "Perhaps, brother, you are in the right; I am well persuaded of all the good you intend me; but, pray, cannot I be saved, without giving you all this trouble?"

It is true that these horrid absurdities are not practised every day; but they have been so frequent, that we might easily find authenticated accounts to fill a volume much larger than the gospel which condemns them. It is not only very cruel to persecute those who think differently from us, but I know not if it be not rash to pronounce them eternally damned. It appears to me very unbecoming in us, the mere atoms of a moment, thus to anticipate the decrees of the Almighty. I am far from controverting the doctrine which teaches that there is *no salvation out of the Church*. I revere the church, and all it teaches us; but do we in reality know all the secret ways of God, and the extent of his mercy? Is it not permitted to hope in him, as well as to fear him? Is it not enough for us to be faithful members of the church, without taking upon us to usurp the prerogative of the deity, and determine before him the lot of others to all eternity?

In wearing mourning for the kings of Sweden, Denmark, England or Prussia, do we say we are in mourning for a reprobate, who is to broil eternally in hell? There are about forty millions of Protestants in Europe; shall we say to every one of them, "Sir, you will be infallibly damned in the other world; therefore I will neither eat, drink, nor converse with you in this."

Where is the ambassador of France, who being presented to an audience of the Grand Seignior, could sincerely say to himself, "His Highness will infallibly burn to all eternity, because he hath been circumcised." If he actually believed that the Grand Seignior was an inveterate enemy to God, and the object of his vengeance, could he speak to him, or ought he to have been sent to him? With whom could we have any business or connection, what duty in civil life could possibly be discharged, if, in fact, men firmly believed they were conversing with reprobates?

Ye followers of a merciful God! If your hearts had ever been cruel; if, in adoring him whose law consists in this simple injunction, *Love God and your neighbour*, ye had sullied this pure and sacred law with sophistry and incomprehensible disputes; if ye had ever lighted up the flame of discord, at one time for the sake of a word, and at another for a letter; if ye had ever affixed eternal pains to the omission of particular words or ceremonies, which others might not be informed of; I should say to you, with tears in my eyes, shed for the whole race of mankind, "Transport yourselves, in imagination, with me, to the great day of account, when all men shall be judged, and God will render to every man according to his deeds.

"Behold the dead of the past and present ages appear before him. Are you very certain that our Father and Creator will say to the wise and virtuous Confucius, Solon the legislator, to Pythagoras, Zaleucus, Socrates, Plato, to the divine Antoninus, and to Trajan, to Titus the delight of mankind, to Epictetus, and to many others, who were patterns of humanity, Go monsters hence to your punishments, infinite and intense as they are durable. And you, my dearly-beloved Jean Chatel, Ravillac, Damiens, Cartouche, &c. who died after the prescribed forms, partake with me my kingdom and felicity for ever."

You shudder with horror at these words; and after they have escaped my pen, I have indeed nothing further to add.

From the LONDON MAGAZINE, *Sept.* 1764.

SO moderate, so sensible a Roman Catholic, as the benevolent Voltaire, is an honour which that enslaving & corrupt church seldom partakes of: We cannot help placing him in the class of that other generous papist our late excellent Mr. Pope, who could declare, "Fire and sword, and fire and faggot, are equally my aversion; I can pray for different nations and different religions with equal sincerity: I think to be a lover of one's country is a glorious eulogy; but that 'tis a much more glorious one to be a lover of mankind."

Choice Firkin BUTTER,
COTTON per the Bag, Barr IRON,
Bohea and Hyson TEA, New-England RUM,
CHOCOLATE per the Box,
And a Variety of other Articles,
At STORE No. 1. Butler's Row.
Enquire of SAMUEL A. OTIS.

Vide pa. 190. Vide page 187. Vide the Letter pa. 1117.

AARON DAVIS, jun. of Roxbury, begs Leave to acquaint the Public, that he has not received an Answer to his Letter to Dr. Young, published in the Massachusetts Gazette & Spy, which any wise Man can think merits his Attention; but instead of a solid rational Answer he hath received a Torrent of malicious Abuse in several Publications, disagreeable to his Expectations; he therefore thinks it a misspence of his own time and an abuse on the Public to continue a Paper Controversy with Dr. Young; only remarking the evasiveness & inconsistency of the Man, when he had given out his *Creed*, and demanded wherein it was *defective* or *erroneous*, instead of answering several plain Questions given out, with a View that he might have a fair opportunity of vindicating himself from the Charge of Infidelity, Nothing is returned by way of answer but the Charge of an inquisitorial Spirit, unless this be admitted as a full Vindication, that he had bid defiance to any one to prove that he had ever spoke one reproachful Word *in this Province*, &c. but further, it may not be amiss to remark in his case of the armed vessel and the pirate, which by the way if aduced as provable, is by no means admitted, though possibly it may be if reversed. But waving the Simile and taking it simply as it stands, no prudent Man who bears any Command aboard an armed Vessel but will take care to catechise his Sailors, thus much at least as not to admit any Man to act, especially to have any Direction in Defence of the Vessel, whose Account of himself rendered it very suspicious that in case of being overcome, he himself would be the first who would turn Pirate.

LONDON, Oct. 12.

Extract of a Letter from an Officer in the East-Indies, to his Friend in Town, dated Tritchenopoly, March 8, 1772.

"We marched from off these plains the 12th of September, 1771, with about 10,000 fighting men, European and Seapoys, besides many of the Nabob's rabble. We marched in two lines by the right, and in six days came before Vellum, a strong fort belonging to the King of Tanjour. The General summoned the fort to surrender, which the enemy refused; and the next day we took possession of their Petta, being the outskirts of the garrison. The day following the King of Tanjour's horse, about 6000, stormed our camp, to no purpose, as every man who rode in forgot ever to return. We took advantage of this success to carry on our approaches; but as soon as we opened a battery of six 18, and four 24 pounders, they evacuated the garrison. After garrisoning this fort, we marched on to Tanjour; the march is but small, as the difference is but four Malabar miles, equal to seven of ours. The 26th of September we took possession of their Petta, without any resistance. We broke ground the 29th, and erected an 8 gun battery, consisting of 18 and 24 pounders. The 30th the enemy stormed it, took it, and burned all the bastions and gabions, before we could get in our guns. The next day there was ordered a covering party, with a battalion of Seapoys, who retook the ground, raised a battery a second time, got in the guns, and began to knock off the defences of the walls.

"The 1st of October the General got an account of their whole force being in motion, he therefore gave orders to have one field officer (which was Major Vaughan) and a brigade of guns, which I had the honor to command, to march down immediately to the relief of the trenches, which we accordingly did. At two o'clock in the morning, at day break, we discovered the enemy drawn up, rather irregular, consisting of about 6000 horse, Seapoys and Colleries, the whole amounting to about 13,000. We had no more at this time but about 1000 Seapoys and 150 Europeans. About ten o'clock they began the attack upon our left very desperate, as it was their last push. The Major, not thinking our force sufficient, sent express to camp for the grenadiers, who did not arrive until one o'clock. I was posted on the right of the whole, where I kept up a continual fire from ten o'clock till twelve, when the whole body of horse made a charge on the right, as I supposed, to take the guns from my post. They were fortunately for me disappointed, as most of us were cut to pieces. I was by this time under the necessity of working the guns myself, as I had but 4 men left out of 14, to two guns.

"The Killidare's son, Madar Cown, who perhaps was one of the bravest men that ever existed, rode up full gallop to the very gun I was at; so that the man who was ramming home the charge, could scarce get off from his horse's trampling him: However, as luck would have it, my shot took place, and he fell between my two guns, having an entire round of grape shot in his body, at three yards distance. The rest of his troops on seeing him fall, took to the right about, and rallied. Just as they had formed, the grenadier's company came up, which critically saved us, as their reinforcement compleated our victory.

"After this we carried our approaches to the crest of the glacis, and opened our sap battery; but the day after we had compleated the breach, the Nabob and Raji came to terms. This is the whole of the transaction with the King of Tanjour. There is now a very strong report of a War with the Morattoes; but the grounds for this report I am at present ignorant of."

Letters from Hamburgh say, that all the accounts from Berlin announce that the King of Prussia is going to augment his troops, and that it is supposed there are grand projects in agitation. Our letters from Vienna hold the same language; they positively assert that a resolution has been taken in Counsel not to disband any part of their forces; but that on the contrary, orders are given for raising four or five new regiments.

A few days since an Irish Chairman near Dukestreet, St. James's-square, being jealous of a Baker in that Neighbourhood, under Pretence of going into the Country, kept watch near his own House, when he observed the Baker go in, and following him soon after, catched him in Bed with his Wife, when the Baker, to prevent worse Consequences, gave him five Guineas on the Nail, forgave him a Debt of £. 10 and agreed to furnish him and his Family with two Quartern Loaves every Day for 12 Months to come.

It is said his Majesty's Ambassador at Constantinople has solicited to be recalled, on account of having received some Marks of Disrespect from the Superior Officers of the Turkish Divan.

BOSTON, December 7. 1772.

To the PRINTERS.

You are desired to insert in your next Paper the following Letter to Mr. Richard Draper, *Printer of the Massachusetts Gazette.*

Boston, Dec. 2. 1772.

To Mr. DRAPER.

IN your Paper of last Week a Letter was published from H—ng—n, dated November 24, in which there is Reference to the following Marginal Note—"*It is reported with some Confidence, that on the "Votes passed for sending the Letter of Correspon- "dence, which was about Ten o'Clock Friday Even- "ing last, there was not Twenty Men present, besides the "Gentlemen Selectmen and some of the Committee, "and that not Ten Persons voted for it. The Coun- "try ought to be satisfied whether the Report is "true or false.*"—We think it our Duty in order to satisfy the Country, to declare that a very respectable Number of the Inhabitants attended the Meeting through the Day, and when the Letter, after being twice read and amended in the Meeting was *Voted* and Accepted to be sent, it appeared to us and we are well satisfied that there was not less than Three Hundred Inhabitants present, and in the Opinion of others the Number was much larger. We presume you were not present at the Meeting, nor had Opportunity to be very particular in your Enquiries, or you would not have suffered what was so different from the Fact to be inserted in your Gazette.

JOHN SCOLLAY
JOHN HANCOCK
TIMOTHY NEWELL
THOMAS MARSHALL
SAMUEL AUSTIN
OLIVER WENDELL
} Select-Men of Boston.

By the Vigilance of the Justices of King's District, in New-York Government, and by the Assistance of Colonel Elijah Williams of this Government, no less than twelve Persons were lately apprehended, who were united in the most pernicious Schemes of Counterfeiting Dollars, New-York and New-Jersey Bills, one of the most noted is Joseph Bill of the White Plains.——There were found Stamps for Dollars, two Presses and a Quantity of Types.

Last Wednesday Night seven Prisoners broke out of the Goal in this Town, viz. John Daly, Robert Anderson, John Clark, Thomas Williams, and John Hopkins, all Irishmen, committed for Theft; John Parks, an Englishman, charged with an Intention of Theft, and Polydore, a Negro, Servant to Benjamin House of Scituate, committed for deserting his Master's Service.

All the Prisoners immediately after they got out of Goal, broke into the Dwelling-House of Mr. William Jackson, and carried off some Wearing Apparel and other Things:—The next Evening John Parks was apprehended, and several of the Articles belonging to Mr. Jackson found upon him.

We hear that Capt. Acworth will sail for London sometime this Week.

We hear that Capt. Smith in a light Schooner from this Place, bound to the Eastward, was cast-away near St. George's, a few Days ago, the Vessel entirely lost—The People were saved.

Yesterday se'nnight Capt. Stinson in a Sloop laden with Boards and Wood, was cast-away in a Storm, at Fawn Bar near Deer-Island, not far from this Harbor—The Vessel is lost, but the People were saved.

We hear there is a very remarkable Boy, or young Giant, now living in the Town of Hingham, where he was born in the Year 1758: His Name is Israel Remmington, and his amazing Size, for a Person of his Age, as well as strange Features, has attracted the attention of Multitudes: He is about 5 Feet in heighth, is remarkably strong, and weighs upwards of 200 Weight; has five Fingers and a Thumb on each Hand, and six Toes on each Foot. It is thot if he should continue to increase in heighth & size at such an amazing rate as he has within these few Years, he will be 10 Feet high, and weigh 4 or 500 Weight by the time he is 21 Years old.—It is said he is expected in Town in a few Days.

"We hear from Brookline, that they have lately erected an elegant New Steeple to their Meeting House, and have hung a fine new Bell of 7 or 800 Weight, perhaps equal of its Bigness to any in America, which was the Gift of Mr. Nicholas Boylston, late of Boston—And likewise have patch'd up their old Meeting-House."

The Day before the Execution of Solomon Goodwin, at Falmouth, he wrote an affectionate Letter, directed to his Wife, his Children, and his Friends, wherein he earneſtly counſelled and exhorted them to live in the Fear of God, and to be conſtant and fervent in their Supplications to Him for Grace and Direction in the Concerns of this Life; particularly that he would enable them to make a right Uſe and Improvement of their Time, and be always prepar'd for that future State which they may be called to ſuddenly and unaware; that they might be contented with the Allotments of Providence, and bear Afflictions with Patience and Reſignation; but above all, that they might be kept from the Snares and Seductions of wicked Company, which he aſſured them was the Cauſe that brought about his unhappy Fate. And now, ſays he, I muſt bid Adieu to the World, and may the Lord have Mercy upon us all.

We hear from Hollis, in NewHampſhire, that on Tueſday laſt, one Wilkins, about 30 Years of Age, killed his Father, by throwing a Billet of Wood at his Head, which entered his Skull, of which Wound he very ſoon expired. He was afterwards apprehended and committed to Amherſt Goal.

MARRIED.] Mr. *John Williams*, Merchant, to Miſs *Katey Goldthwait*, third Daughter of *Ezekiel Goldthwait*, Eſq;

Mr. *Abel Peirce* to Miſs *Margaret Emmes*.

DIED.] Mrs. *Sowerſby*, Wife of Mr. *Sowerſby*, Hatter.——

Died at Marſhfield, Mrs. *MaryWinſlow*, Conſort of the Honorable General *Winſlow*.

At Cambridge, Mrs. *Phœbe Dana*, Widow of the late Mr. *Caleb Dana*.

At Falmouth, Caſco-Bay, Mr. *James Milk*.—And Mr. *Nathan Willſon*, an honeſt FRIEND.

At St. Euſtatia, Capt. *John Tarbox* of Newbury.

At South Kingſton, *John Watſon*, Eſq; aged 97: He was the firſt Child born in Narraganſet, after the Indian War: He enjoyed an uncommon ſhare of Health; having never been confined to his Bed till a few Days before his Death; and retained his Memory and rational Faculties to the laſt. He had 8 Children, 57 Grand-Children, 95 Great-Grand-Children and 3 Great-Great-Grand-Children, in all 163, of whom 138 are now living.

Burials and *Baptiſms* in the Town of *BOSTON*, In the Month of *November* paſt.

Buried. 45 Whites. 7 Blacks. *Baptiſed* 25.

Samuel Auſtin,

In Union-Street, two Doors South of the Cornfield, Adverſtises the Gentlemen of the Town, and others, That he has for Sale,

A genteel Aſſortment of Mens Top'd GLOVES, ſuitable for the Seaſon, which he can venture to recommend to any Gentlemen who will favour him with their Cuſtom.

He has alſo,

A compleat Aſſortment of Engliſh Goods, which he will ſell cheap for Caſh.

Alexander Ralſton & Comp.

Glovers and Breeches Makers, From North Britain.

Beg Leave to inform the Public, that they make and finiſh in the neateſt Manner at their Shop oppoſite to the Sign of the White Horſe, and next Door to Mr. *John Greenlaw's*, towards Liberty Tree, all Kinds of Leather Breeches and Gloves, which they Dye a variety of Colours, and upon Trial will be found much ſuperior to any Colours ever before dyed here.——There is now ready for Sale at ſaid Shop, an Aſſortment of Buck-Skin, Doe-Skin, Mooſe-Skin, Shammy and Ground Leather Breeches, alſo Men's Buck Skin & Shammy Gloves, Mens and Womens black and white Gloves ſuitable for Funerals, Mens and Womens purple, crimſon, garnet, and drab colour'd Gloves; all which will be ſold as low as they can be purchaſed in any Part of Great Britain.

N.B. Thoſe Perſons who pleaſe to favour them with their Cuſtom may depend upon having their Orders executed with the utmoſt Diſpatch, and proper Allowance made to thoſe who buy by the Quantity; alſo the ſmalleſt Favour gratefully acknowledg'd.

LOST ſome Time ſince, at or near Jamaica Plain, a ſmall wooden BOX, containing a Pair of STONE BAR RINGS ſet in Gold, two Gold Rings ſet with Marquiſite, one Paſte Hoop Ring, one Garnet Hoop Ditto, alſo one Mourning Ring.—Whoever will bring all or any of them to the Printers, ſhall be handſomely rewarded.

The Subſcribers to Mr. CALCOTT's Candid Diſquiſition on the Principles and Practices of the moſt Antient and Honorable Society of Free and Accepted Maſons, are hereby Notified, that the Books are now Printed and Bound, and it is deſir'd they would ſend for the ſame to the Publiſher, WILLIAM McALPINE, in Marlborough Street. And as a Number of Subſcribers Names are not inſerted, owing to their not ſending the Subſcription Papers in Seaſon, the Publiſher has printed off a Number ſufficient to ſupply ſuch Perſons.

RAPPEE SNUFF.

A ſmall Quantity of Rappee SNUFF, Made approved of by Connoiſeurs in that Article, To be Sold remarkably Cheap by

Joſeph Peirce

At his SHOP the North Side of the Town-Houſe, BOSTON.

Where may be had,

Some Mens & Womens neat FUR'D GLOVES, with all other Kinds of GLOVES and MITTS.——A pretty Aſſortment of HOSIERY, amongſt which are ſome neat PATENT and RIB'D Worſted HOSE.——Beaver Coatings, Kerſeys, SCARLET WHITNEY, Flannels, Lambſkins, SCARLET & other colour'd BROAD CLOTHS, CARPETS and CARPETING, Crapes, Grazets, Poplins, Cambleteens, DENMARK LUSTRES, Ruſſels, Calimancoes, Tammies, Shalloons, FURR and SNAIL TRIMMINGS, figur'd & plain Sattins, MUFFS & TIPPETS, plain and figur'd SILKS, Ribbons, Gold and Silver SPANGLED and BASKET BUTTONS, Pinchbeck and Silver-plated Shoe, Knee & Stock BUCKLES.—Lynn made & Engliſh Shoes and Pumps, Clogs and Goloſhoes, Spices, BLACK HAIR PINS, &c. &c. &c. &c.

FRESH and VERY FINE FLAVOUR'D Hyſon and Souchong TEA, BOHEA Ditto.

☞ *One compleat enamel'd China Tea Sett.*

IRISH-LINNENS.

William Scott,

At the Iriſh-Linnen Store in Ann-Street, Near the Draw-Bridge, BOSTON,

Has juſt imported from IRELAND, a large Quantity of 3 4. 7 8th & yard-wide Linnens of all Prices, Diapers, Clouting ditto, Huckaback, Dowlaſs, Table-Cloths, 9 8th wide Sheetings, white Ticking, brown Holland, &c.

At ſaid Store are alſo to be ſold by Wholeſale and Retail (being a freſh Importation) a great Variety of European and India Goods, among which are, Broad Cloths, Lambſkins, Coatings, Baizes, &c. Silk and Worſted Stuffs, Poplins, Crapes, Denmark Luſtres, Miſſionets, Dorſetteens, Camblets, Worſted Damaſks, &c. Sattins, Capuchin Silks all Colours, with Lace and Fur Trimmings, Dicapes, ſtriped and plain Luteſtrings, Engliſh Damaſks, &c.

A large Aſſortment of Ribbons, Gauzes, ſtrip'd and flower'd Jaconet, and 7 wide Book Muſlin of all prices.

Jerſey, Aberdeen knit and Parent ribb'd Mens Worſted Hoſe, ditto plain in all Colours, for Men, Women and Children.

With too great a Multiplicity of Goods ſuitable for the Seaſon to be enumerated in an Advertiſement. All which will be ſold at the loweſt reduced Prices for Ready Money only.

Excellent Glocester Cheeſe, French Indigo, Teas, Coffee, Spices, &c. Patent Cakes for making the Liquid ſhining Blacking for Shoes and Leather-Bottom Chairs, &c.

A Number of low pric'd bound Books of Divinity, Bibles, Teſtaments, &c.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,

(Embelliſh'd with a Plate of a young Giant) *And Sold by* E. Ruſſell, *in Union Street*,

The Maſſachuſetts CALLENDAR, or Wonderful ALMANACK, for the Year of our Lord 1773. Containing beſides the uſual Calculations, an Account of a young Giant—A new Matrimonial Creed—A method to raiſe Wheat—Uſeful Hints to thoſe who would be Rich—Uſeful Receipts—Entertaining Anecdotes—Thoughts on various Subjects—Journal of a Matrimonial Week—Poetry, &c. By EZRA GLEASON, a Student in Phyſick.

WE the Subſcribers being appointed a Committee by the General Aſſembly of the Colony of *Connecticut* in October laſt, upon the Petition of *Ebenezer Kenney* & *Judſon Burton*, both of *Derby*, in *NewHaven* County, late Merchants in Company, againſt their Creditors, repreſenting their inability to Pay their Debts, & praying to be diſcharged, &c. Hereby give Notice to all the Creditors of the ſaid *Ebenezer Kenney* & *Judſon Burton*, that we ſhall attend ſaid Buſineſs at the Dwelling-Houſe of *Oliver Curtiſs*, of ſaid *Derby*, on the laſt Monday of December, and the firſt & ſecond Monday of January next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon. Dated at *Derby* this 16th Day of November, A. D. 1772.

Joſeph Hull, jun.
Charles French, } Committee.
John Woorſter,

Wanted, a Boy or two, about nine or ten Years old, that have good Voices, to ſing at the Subſcription Concert.——Such will meet with Encouragement, and be taught gratis, by applying to Mr. *Pelpert*. *Boſton*, Nov. 30. 1772.

Imported from ENGLAND, And to be Sold by

Jonathan Maſon

At his Shop next to the Sign of the *Buck & Glove*, and a little to the Southward of the TownHouſe,

A general Aſſortment of Nails, Tacks and Brads, beſt London and Briſtol Pewter Diſhes, Plates and Baſons, Braſs Kittles, Skillets and Warming Pans, Braſs Nails for Chaiſes, Frying Pans, Engliſh and German Steel, Powder and Shot, Bar-Lead, neat Guns with and without Bayonets, Engliſh and French Flints, Wool and Cotton Cards, Caſe Knives and Forks, Pen Knives, Raiſors, Sciſſars, Shears; Braſs Furniture for Deſks, Saddlers Ware, Shoe Makers, Joiners & Carpenters Tools, Locks and Hinges, Shoe & Knee Buckles, Coat & Breaſt Buttons, Flatt & Box Irons, Tongs & Shovels, Chaſſindiſhes, Candleſticks, Common and Temple Spectacles, Horn & Ivory Combs, Sewing & Darning Needles, Bellows, Braſs Cocks, Braſs & Leather Ink Pots, 10 by 8, 7 by 9 & 6 by 8 Window Glaſs, Bohea Tea by the Cheſt, Black India Taffities, Mens Worſted Hoſe, Sewing Silk, Silk Lungee Romalls, Writing Paper, &c. &c. &c.

Alſo, Choice Narraganſet CHEESE.

This Day is Publiſhed,

Price 1s. L. M. And to be Sold by

James Foſter Condy

At his STORE in Union-Street, Directly oppoſite the Cornfield, BOSTON,

A POEM, entitled,

The GRAVE.

By ROBERT BLAIR.

The Houſe appointed for all Living.——Job.——

To which is added,

An ELEGY, written in a Country Church-Yard. By Mr. GRAY.

This Pamphlet will fully recommend itſelf to the beſt Judges, and Lovers of Poetry.——

Said STORE

Has by the ſeveral Veſſels laſt from LONDON, received a general Supply of the moſt Modern

BOOKS

In Law, Phyſic, Hiſtory, Divinity, & every Branch of Polite Literature—Bibles—Teſtaments—Pſalm-Books—Pſalters—Primmers—Books for the Amuſement and Inſtruction of Children, &c. &c. &c.

Stationary, &c.

Writing Paper of every ſort, Preſs Paper, Account Books of every ſize & Quality, Gentlemens & Ladies Pocket Books very neat, Ass-Skin & Ivory Memorandum Books, Quills, Pens, Ink Powder, Leather Ink Pots, Paper ditto, Pewter Ink Cheſts, Braſs Ink Pots, various ſorts of Pen Knives, Writing Books, Copy Slips, Glaſs Ink Pots, Glaſs Stand ditto, Slates, Wafers, red and black Sealing Wax, Wooden Sand-Boxes, Shining-Sand, Pounce and Pounce Boxes, Black Lead Pencils, Trunks, Ink Jugs, Slate Paper, Parchment, Ivory Folders, Noſe Spectacles, Temple ditto, ditto Green Glaſſes, double Temple Spectacles, Mathematical Inſtruments, ditto half Caſes, Gunter Scales, Dividers and Steel Pens, Sliding Rules, &c. &c. &c. ALSO,

Barometers, Air Thermometers, ditto for boiling of Water, Diagonal Machines for viewing of Prints, Reading-Glaſſes, Glaſſes for near ſighted Perſons, Concave and Convex Glaſſes, Watchmakers Glaſſes, a Convex Glaſs for drawing Landſcapes, Acromatic Proſpective Glaſſes, Proſpective Glaſſes from four Inches to four Feet in length, Pocket Globes, ſmall ditto mounted, Microſcopes, Steel Pen Engines, Maps of New-England, ditto of New-York, ditto of the World, &c. &c. &c.

N.B. *Thoſe Perſons who pleaſe to purchaſe at ſaid Store may depend upon buying as cheap as at any Store in* BOSTON *or* AMERICA *(without Exception) and uſed in ſuch a manner as will leave no room for Complaint, but give entire Satisfaction.*

Bottles & Coals, juſt arrived.

Large handſome Quart BOTTLES, in Hampers a Groce each; alſo beſt Newcaſtle COALS, ſuitable either for Grates or Smiths Uſe, to be Sold on board the Brig *Dolphin*, *James Scot*, at the Long Wharf, or at WILLIAM DENNIE's Store in King-Street. Alſo, to be SOLD or LET, Said Brigantine, double Deckt, 180 Tons, 7 Years old, well found, & a remakable faſt Sailer.

TO BE SOLD, *upon very reaſonable Terms*,

An excellent Farm, conſiſting of near 100 Acres of choice Land, of eaſy Tillage, Mowing, Orcharding, &c. with good Buildings, &c. about 16 Miles from Boſton.——For further Particulars enquire of the Printers.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *BOSTON, Decemb.* 5. 1772.

ENTERED IN.

Pepper, Tracey, and Barber, from Newfoundland; Beſworth, Bettie, and Gliſpee, from Maryland; Watt, and McCleur, from Quebec; Hatch, from Philadelphia; Hammon, from New-Providence; Bliſſet, from Eſquebo; Eldridge, and Watters, from Cape Nichola; Phillips, from Jamaica and Cape Nichola; Bartlett, from Jamaica; Blodget, from Surranam; Grown from St. Croix.

OUTWARD-BOUND.

Newcomb, Hallet, Wiſhart, Harding, Breeding, and Smith, to Weſt Indies; Davis, to New Haven; Bangs, and Freeman, to North Carolina; and Lowrey to Glaſgow.

CLEARED-OUT.

Moſſat for New Providence; Loveland, and Miller, for New London; Burges, for Maryland; Harding for North Carolina; Webb, Williams, Skinner, and Cornear, for Weſt Indies; Larkin, for St. Croix; Wentworth, for Liverpool; and Reed, for London.

IMPORTED in the *Joanna*, Capt. *Brown*, from LONDON, and to be Sold by

John Gore & Son,

At the Painters-Arms in Queen-Street, Wholesale and Retail, on the most reasonable Terms, the following Assortment of Painters OIL and COLOURS, viz.

OILS.

THE best London Linseed Oil by the Barrel or smaller Quantity,
Boil'd Oil,
Nut Oil,
Poppy Oil,
Turpentine Oil,
Ditto Varnish.

PAINTS.

WHITE.
White Lead,
Flake White,
Spanish White,
French Chalk,

BROWN.
Spanish Brown,
Umber,
Brown Orpiment,
Brown Pink.

YELLOW.
King's Yellow,
Princess Yellow,
Naples Yellow,
Spruce Yellow,
Stone Yellow,
Maryland Yellow,
English Oaker,
Gum Bogium,
Yellow Orpiment,
Dutch Pink,
Deep and pale Masticott.

GREEN.
Verdigrease,
Distill'd ditto,
Sap Green,
Green Verditer.

BLACK.
Frankfort Black,
Ivory Black,
Blue Black,
Lamp Black,
India Ink.

RED.
Red Lead,
India Red,
Venetian Red,
Vermilion,
Drop Lake,
Carmine,
Rose Pink.

BLUE.
Ultramarine,
Ultramarine Ashes,
Prussian Blue of various Sorts,
Calcin'd Smalt,
Verditer Blue,
Powder Blue.

Varnishes.

Hard Varnish,
White and Brown Picture Varnish,
Common Varnish,
Lacker.

GUMS.

Gum Sandrack,
Gum Arabic,
Gum Mastick,
Gum Amber,
Gum Shellack,
Gum Seedlack.

Brushes and Pencils of all Sorts;

Half-length and Kitt-katt Cloths; Stone and Pallet Knives; Sugar of Lead, white Copperas, and Litharge of Gold, Leaf Gold, Leaf Silver, Dutch Metal and Bronze pale and deep;——the best London Crown Glass for Pictures; Water Colours ready prepared in Shells.——COLOURS of all Sorts prepared in the best Manner for House and Ship Paintings.

Painting in its various Branches performed at the same Place with Care and Dispatch.

IMPORTED in the several Ships from ENGLAND, this Fall, and in Capt. *Brown*, just arrived, by

Thomas Lee,

And to be Sold at his Store near the Swing-Bridge,

A General Assortment of Piece GOODS, which being purchased by him from the first Hands only, he will sell at the *lowest Advance*:

Among which are,

A great Variety of Broad Cloths,
Lambskins,
Coatings,
Duffils,
Blankets,
Colchester and Drapery Baizes,
Devonshire Kerseys,
German Serges of all Colours,
Embossd Serges,
A compleat Assortment of Shalloons,
Tammies,
Durants, and
Calamancoes,
Stuffs of various Sorts for Womens wear,
Irish Linnens of all widths and prices, very cheap.

A beautiful Variety of new fashioned Ribbons,
Ladies Collars and Trimmings of all sorts,
Pelong Sattins,
Persians and Sarsnets of most Colours,
black flowered Sattins and Capuchin Silks,
black China Taffaties,
Hair and other coloured Grograms,
worsted, cotton, thread & silk Hosiery of all sorts; amongst which are an exceeding great Variety of Women's silk Mitts and Gloves,
Men's silk Hose of most Colours, spun silk d°.
black silk Breeches Pieces,
Mens silk Gloves, &c. &c.

LADIES SILKS.

A beautiful Variety of fashionable Silks consisting of almost every sort in use. An elegant Assortment of Fancy and other coloured Sattins for Ladies Cloaks, of the newest Patterns.

A great Variety of book and thick Muslins, Tombour worked ditto Ruffles and Aprons, Mecklin and Brussels Laces, &c. &c. Gold & Silver Laces, and a fresh Assortment of Gold and Silver spangled Buttons, and Basket worked ditto.

Also, Gun-Powder, Shott, Brimstone, Nails, Taylor's Wind v Glass, Verdigrease, &c. &c. &c.

SILVER WATCHES.

COCOA

To be sold at WILLIAM TAYLOR's Store, Kingstreet.

ALSO,

Excellent SUGARS per Quantity,
Bohea, Green and Hyson Tea,
Chocolate (warranted) pure,
Coffee, Cotton, Pepper,
Pimento, Ginger,
Nutmegs, Cinnamon,
Mace, and Cloves,

RAISINS per Cask,
Choice French Indigo,
Butter per Firkin,
Choice Narraganset Cheese,
Allum, Copperas,
Brimstone, Logwood, and
Brazilletto per Quantity,
Jamaica & Wind'd Island Rum.

AND

A full Assortment of Ship-Chandlery.

TO BE SOLD cheap for Cash,

By Nathaniel Russell

In Common-Street,

A little Northward of Dr. *Byles's* Meeting-House,

A compleat Assortment of Houshold Furniture, consisting of Clocks, Desks, Beaureaus, Tables, Chest upon Chests, Chairs of all Prices, Bedsteds, Tea-Boards and Dumb Waiters.——Likewise, three genteel Fall-Back Chaises.

William Bant

Has received by the last Vessels from LONDON, *a general Assortment of* WINTER GOODS, *which he will sell, by Wholesale and Retail at the lowest Rates for Cash, at his Store fronting* DOCK-SQUARE.

N.B. *A fine Assortment of the most fashionable colour'd* BROAD-CLOTHS.——

A few Hampers of LONDON PORTER.——

☞ Those Persons who will favor him with their Custom may depend upon being well used.

Boston, Nov. 25. 1772. tfe

WINES

TO BE SOLD

At *Blanchard's* Wine-Cellar,

Dock-Square, BOSTON,

for ready Money,

At as low Prices, according to the Quality, as can be bought in any Place in Town,

Warranted neat and genuine as imported, fine and fit for immediate Use, by the Pipe, Quarter-Cask, Gallon or less, or in Bottles, by the Groce, Dozen or single Bottle.

Choice Old Sterling MADEIRA, at various Prices according to its Age & Quality,
New-York Madeira at 7/4 per Gallon,
Fine old Red Porter at 26/8 per Dozen,
Fontinese at 2/8 per Bottle,
Brandy,

Rich & very old Tent, Mountain Malaga at 4/8 per Gallon,
Claret, Caccavilla, White Lisbon,
Teneriffe at 4/8 per Gallon,
Very rich Malmsey,
Sherry, Payal,
Sweet Wine.

London Porter at 10*s.* per Dozen, and One Shilling a single Bottle,
Old Jamaica and Cane Spirit,
West-India Rum,

New-England Rum in any Quantity not less than a Gallon.

Constant Attendance at the Cellar from Morning until Nine o'Clock in the Evening.

Any Parcels of Wine may be delivered, if desired, at any Part of the Town: And all Liquors sold, not answering Expectation, will be received again and exchanged, or the Money returned.

N. B.—*Any of the abovementioned Wines in Bottles may be also had at his House in Marlborough-Street.*

WOOLEN GOODS.

A great Variety of low-pric'd Woolen GOODS, suitable for the present Season, are just received from the Manufacturers in ENGLAND, (and are now ready for Sale)

By Frazier & Geyer,

At their Shop and Store the Corner of Wing's-Lane, near the Market; which, with a large Assortment of other Articles lately imported, will be Sold on the most reasonable Terms for Cash or short Credit.

Just Imported and to be Sold by

Edward Payne

At his STORE in King-Street,

Fresh Raisins, Malaga, Sherry, Lisbon and Carcavilla Wine by the Quarter Cask, Oil by the Cask, Ditto in Cases of 12 Bottles, Lisbon Lemmons per Box, Pepper by the Bag, China Plates, Long Dishes & Tureens, Patty Pans, Pint Bowls, &c.

ALSO a Quantity of choice Dry'd HIDES.

TO BE SOLD, by

Archibald Cunningham

At his SHOP in Fore-Street, near the Draw-Bridge, BOSTON,

Choice old Lisbon & Caccavilla Wine, by the Quarter Cask, black, white & cloth colour'd Barcelona Handkerchiefs, by the Dozen, new Currants by the large or small Quantity, Raisins, Turkey Figs by the Cask, Citron, Nutmegs, Mace, Cinnamon, Cloves, Pepper, Allspice, Salt Petre, Allum, Copperas, Velvet and common Corks, split Pease, best French Indigo, Oatmeal per Bushel, Florence Oil, best Durham Mustard in half and Quarter Pound Bottles per Dozen, Kippen's Snuff, Pig Tail Tobacco, Bohea, Souchong and Hyson Tea, per Dozen or single Pound, all warranted good. Pins No. 3½ & 4, a few Pieces of Tammys, Callimancoes and Shalloons, 15 Inch Pipes per Box, Dram Bottles in Hampers of one Groce each. Also, Glass, Delph and Cream colour'd Ware, Capers per Bottle or lb.

JUST IMPORTED and TO BE SOLD by

Henry Perkins,

In Cornhill, opposite the London Book Store,

A good Assortment of GLASSES, Cream coloured and black Ware by Wholesale and Retail, at the most reasonable Rates, among which are a great Variety of Salvers, Freemason's Glasses, &c.

John Cooper

Tailor in Marlborough Street,

Nearly opposite to Doctor *Silvester Gardiner's*,

Informs his Customers and Others,

That he will make Cloaths for the Cash as reasonable and as well as any Tailor from *London*.

John Barrett & Sons,

Hereby Notify their Customers,

That they have received by Capt. *Pease* from *London*, An additional Supply of low prized, fine and superfine BROAD CLOTHS, of the most fashionable Colours, with suitable Linings & Trimmings, which renders their Assortment in these Articles compleat, and which with a Variety of WINTER GOODS, already advertised, will be Sold at an exceeding low Rate for Cash by Wholesale and Retail at their Store near the Mill Bridge.

Samuel Minott

At his Shop opposite Williams's Court, Cornhill,

BOSTON,

Has to sell on the best Terms,

Choice Bohea, Hyson and Souchong Tea,

Nutmegs,
Cinnamon,
Cloves,
Mace,
Pepper,
Allspice,
Florence Oil,
Jar Raisins,
New Raisins per Cask,
Turkey Figs,
Currants,
London TD 15 and 12 Inch Pipes,

Double and single refined Loaf Sugar,
Brown Sugar,
Almonds,
Capers,
Prunes,
Fine Durham Mustard
Sugar Plumbs,
Sugar Almonds,
Citron,
Ginger,
Split Pease,
Velvet Corks,

No 4 & No. 12 Pins,
Rice,
Coffee,
Chocolate,
Poland Starch,
Crown & hard Soap,
Kippen's Snuff,
Philadelphia Salt,
Oatmeal,
Barley,
Sago,
Flour,
Powder Blue

Best French Indigo,

Allum, Copperas, Logwood, Redwood, Otter, Ground Redwood, Salt Petre, Cotton Wool, Wafer Paper, Flax, Barcelona Handkerchiefs, Lyon Skins.

ALSO,

An Assortment of single and double Flint Glass, Agate, Cream-colour'd, Delph, Brown & Flint Ware, Plated Shoe & Knee Buckles, Silver-mounted Swords, Steel Chapes, Coral-Beeds, &c.——

Narraganset Cheese by the Hundred.

He carries on the Goldsmiths Business in all its Branches as usual, at his other Shop, Northward of the Draw-Bridge, near the Drum-Maker's.

William Wingfield

Begs all Persons indebted to him whose Accounts, Notes, &c. have been standing above one Year, to make speedy Payment, or they may depend they will be sued at *January* Court, without any further Notice. As a great many have been deficient in paying their Accounts & Notes a Number of Years, begs that they won't want to be called on any more.

He has for Sale at his Shop in Union-Street,

A great Variety of Goods, suitable for all Seasons, which he is determined to sell exceeding low for Cash only—and all Favours will be gratefully acknowledged.

COCOA

TO BE SOLD BY

Joshua Blanchard, jun^r

At his Store over BLANCHARD's Wine Cellar, DOCK-SQUARE.

ALSO

Bohea & Hyson Tea, by the Chest or any Quantity,
Choice Sugars,
Chocolate, warranted pure,
Best French Indigo,
Cheshire, Glocester, and Narraganset Cheese,

Fresh Raisins,
Currants,
Prunes, Figs,
Spices of all Sorts,
Florence Oil, by Chest or Flask,
Choice Dum'd Fish.

AND

Groceries of all Kinds.

Raft of MASTS

Lost off the Isle of Shoals.

Whereas a Raft of MASTS for the Use of His Majesty's Navy, were lost in towing them into Piscataqua River, on the 20th Day of October last, which are Numbered and Mark'd I. D. and I imagine are drove ashore between the said River and Cape-Cod——I promise a Reward of THREE POUNDS Lawful Money, to be paid upon the safe Delivery of each Mast in the said River Piscataqua, provided they are not damaged and rendered unfit for Service; and the Sum of TWO POUNDS, L. M. for each that shall be delivered in like manner to Mr. *George Brinley*, Merchant, in *Boston*.——I caution all Persons who may find the said Masts, not to destroy or damage them, as they will be liable to a Penalty of FIFTY POUNDS Sterling, besides the Value of the Mast.——Upon finding any of the above Masts, immediate Notice is requested to be sent to

Portsmouth, EDWARD PARRY,
Nov. 16. 1772. Agent for Masts for His Majesty's Navy.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of *Benjamin Ingersoll*, late of Boston, Mariner, deceased, are requested to make immediate Payment to *Mary Ingersoll*, Administratrix on said Estate; and those that have any Demands on said Estate are desired to bring in their Accounts for Adjustment.

WANTED,

One Hundred Pounds Sterling, for which good Security in this Town will be given. Enquire of the Printers. *Boston, Nov.* 23. 1772.

BOSTON, Printed by T. & J. FLEET.